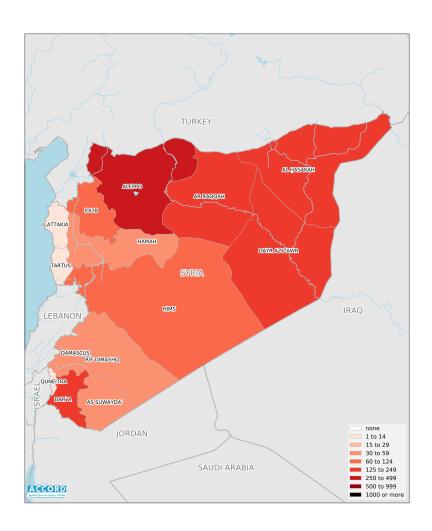
### Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

### Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality

### TURKEY ALHASAKAH AR RAQQAH DAYR AZ ZAWR IRAQ LEBANON JORDAN 1 to 2 3 to 5 6 to 11 12 to 24 SAUDI ARABIA 25 to 49 50 to 99 ACCORD 100 to 199 200 or more

### Number of reported fatalities



National borders: GADM, 6 May 2018a; administrative divisions: GADM, 6 May 2018b; incident data: ACLED, 10 March 2023; coastlines and inland waters: Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015

#### **Contents**

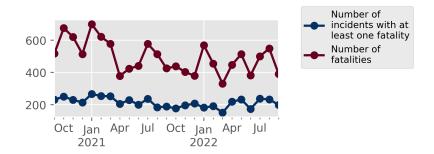
Number of reported fatalities	
Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality	1
Conflict incidents by category	2
Development of conflict incidents from September 2020 to September 2022	2
Methodology	3
Conflict incidents per province	4
Localization of conflict incidents	4
Disclaimer	7

### Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with at least one fatality	Number of fatalities
Explosions / Remote violence	2047	264	583
Battles	518	229	651
Violence against civilians	488	176	206
Strategic developments	242	0	0
Protests	130	0	0
Riots	29	0	0
Total	3454	669	1440

This table is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 10 March 2023).

# Development of conflict incidents from September 2020 to September 2022



This graph is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 10 March 2023).

#### Methodology

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Syria being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type.

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED states to use the most conservative estimate available. ACLED uses the reports' context to estimate fatalities for events with reported fatalities for which the exact number is unknown ("3" or "10" for plural fatalities, depending on the context; "100" if "hundreds" are mentioned, etc.). For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and Raleigh; Linke; Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010.

Based on this data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents and publishes them on ecoi.net to offer another access point to the ACLED datasets.

It is advised to employ extreme caution when using fatality numbers.

Assessments of the security situation should not be based solely on quantitative analysis of event data.

Please see ACLED's additional methodological paper for Syria: ACLED, March 2019a, ACLED, April 2019b

Geographic map data is primarily based on GADM, complemented with other sources if necessary. Incidents are mapped to GADM provinces using the provinces in ACLED data. Province names and borders may differ between ACLED and

GADM. Incidents that could not be located are ignored. The numbers included in this overview might therefore differ from the original ACLED data. ACLED uses varying degrees of geographic precision for the individual incidents, depending on what level of detail is reported. Thus, towns may represent the wider region in which an incident occured, or the provincial capital may be used if only the province is known. Erroneous location data, especially due to identical place names, cannot be fully excluded.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battles, violence against civilians, remote violence, riots/protests, non-violent strategic activities. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) User Quick Guide, April 2019 https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew//wp-content/uploads/2021/11/ ACLED\_General-User-Guide\_April-2019.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: FAQs: ACLED Fatality Methodology, February 2020 https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew//wp-content/uploads/2021/11/ ACLED\_FAQs-Fatalities-Methodology\_v1\_February-2020.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook, January 2021 https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew//wp-content/uploads/2021/11/ ACLED Codebook v1 January-2021.pdf

#### Conflict incidents per province

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Al Hasakah	523	79	174
Aleppo	1037	157	356
Ar Raqqah	301	61	227
As Suwayda′	19	9	30
Damascus	11	7	13
Dar'a	211	118	181
Dayr Az Zawr	276	70	135
Hamah	165	21	37
Hims	49	31	98
Idlib	700	60	112
Lattakia	87	8	14
Quneitra	9	3	3
Rif Dimashq	62	43	56
Tartus	4	2	4

Localization of conflict incidents

<u>Note:</u> The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). The data's precision varies among the incidents: a town may represent a region, or the provincial capital may be used if the precise location of an incident is unkown. In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are

taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the maps above.

In Al Hasakah, 523 incidents killing 174 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abbaa, Abiad, Aboush, Abu Ghadir, Abu Rasin, Al Adwaniyah, Al Assadiyah, Al Hariri, Al Waleed Border Crossing, Al-Hasakeh, Al-Hasakeh - Al Mufti, Al-Hasakeh - Al Nashweh Al Gharbiyeh, Al-Hasakeh - Al-Aziziyeh, Al-Hasakeh - Ghoweran, Al-Hasakeh - Msheirfeh, Al-Maabdaa, Al-Malikeyyeh, Al-Nasriyah, Al-Sa'da, Al-Silmasa, Al-Tuwinah, Al-Yarubiyah, Alia, Amuda, Aniq El Hawa, Aziziyeh, Bir Kanis, Dada Abdal, Daoudiyeh, Dar, Darbasiyah, Dardara Tal Tamer, Dsheisha, Eastern Gharibah, Eastern Tall Ward, Ghabashiah, Ghuzaylah, Hamdan, Hole, Hole Camp, Jabisah Oil Fields, Jatal, Jneidiyeh, Khadrawi, Khan Eljabal, Khanik, Kharab Rashak, Kharzeh, Kherbet Al Sha'er, Kherbet Jamu, Kherbet Khaled, Khirab Rashik, Khweitleh Hmud, Kozliyeh, Krefati, Mahmudiyeh, Malabas, Malak, Markada, Mjeibra, Msheirfeh Remo, Naggara, Qabr Al Kabir, Qahtaniyyah, Qasemiyeh, Qasruk, Qayrawan Amuda, Qermanye, Quamishli, Quamishli Airbase, Qubur al-Qarajna, Quneitra, Ras al-Ain, Rayhaniyah, Rmelan, Roj Camp, Rubay'at, Sabe' Jifar, Safa, Salehiyeh, Sarajiya, Sekar, Shadadah, Shalhumiyeh, Shmuka, Sibat, Small Damkhiyeh, Sukkar Al Uhaymer, Tal Al-Laban, Tal Barod, Tal Brak, Tal Elamir, Tal Harmel, Tal Hmis, Tal Jammeh, Tal Jihan, Tal Kifji, Tal Shanan, Tal Shayr, Tal Tamer, Tall Al Dahab, Tall Tawil, Tall Ziwan, Tawileh, Tell Halaf, Touma Yalda, Turbet Sibay, Um Fakik, Um Hajar, Um Harmla, Umm Al-Kayf, Umm Al-Khair, Umm Ashba, Ya'robiyah.

In Aleppo, 1037 incidents killing 356 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: A'rima, A'wejel, Abu Kahf, Abu Mandil, Abu Zandin, Afrin, Aghjah Li, Aghtrin, Ahras, Ain al Arab, Ain al Arab Air Base, Ajil, Al Amin Association, Al Bab, Al Baruza, Al Baylouniyeh, Al Habata, Al Hussyah, Al Khalidiyah, Al Qadi, Al Qurt, Al Wasta, Al-Alqamiyyeh, Al-Malikeyyeh, Al-Rahal Association, Aleppo, Aleppo - Fardos, Aleppo - International Airport, Aleppo - Masaken Hanano, Aleppo - Midan, Aleppo - Sheikh Maqsoud, Anjara, Ar-Ra'ee, Arab Hassan Kabeer, Asaliyeh, Atareb,

Atareb - Al Irshadieh, Awshariyah, Azaz, Bahfis, Bala, Baraghida, Basufan, Basuta, Baza'a, Bene, Big Orm, Big Sukariyeh, Blinta, Boban, Bulbul, Burj Al-Qas, Burj Haydar, Burj Suleiman, Busraton, Buz Kij, Central Prison, Dabig, Dadat, Daghelbash, Dandaniya, Daret Azza, Dargir - Deir al Kabir, Dayr Hafir, Deir Jamal, Deir Samaan, Deir Sawan, Diwan Tahtani, Ein Dagneh, Enab, Fafertin, Fafin, Ghandorah, Ghoz, Hadra - Baldag Kabeer, Haji Hasanli, Halisa, Hamra, Harbal, Haritan, Hasin, Hawar Killis, Hawshariya, Haykajah, Hazwan, Hsajek, Ibbin, Ihtaymilat, Jaadet Elsamawat, Jalbul, Jamus Wiran, Jandairis, Jagal Kabir, Jarablus, Jat, Jayshan, Jazraya, Jebnet, Jeineh, Jomrokiyeh, Kabashin, Kafr Aleppo, Kafr Amma, Kafr Antoun, Kafr Janna, Kafr Kalbein, Kafr Karmin, Kafr Khasher, Kafr Naha, Kafr Noran, Kafr Qares, Kafr Taal, Kafrnaya, Kaljibrin, Kashtaar, Kassibeh, Khanaser, Kharab Nas, Kharabishah, Kherbet Al Manasir, Kherbet Massi, Khirbat az Zuwayn, Kirzele, Kokan, Koran Jandris, Kreidiyeh, Kumush Burj, Kuwait Al Rahma Camp, Kwaires Military Airbase, Little Orm, Lower Shyookh, Ma'btali, Maamal Ushagi, Maarrata, Madyuneh, Mahmoudiyah, Makbas, Maraanaz, Maratet Um Hosh, Mare', Mayasa, Menagh, Menagh - Military Airbase, Menbij, Meriske, Misherefe, Miznaz, Moaysera, Mreimin Afrin, Muhsinli, Nayrabiyeh, Niddeh, Nisriyeh, Oqayba, Qabasin, Qarah Baba, Qaramel, Qatma, Qaturah, Qebtan al Jabal, Qibar, Qotan, Qunaytirah Mountain, Raju, Ramadaniyah, Rasm Al Abd, Regiment 111 Army Base, Regiment 46 -Military Base, Remediye, Rif al-Mohandessin al-Awal, Sad Al-Shahba, Sadiyah, Sagher, Sajur, Samouga, Sandaf, Sarin, Seftek, Shaalah, Shamarekh, Sharan, Shawarighat al Arz, Shaykh Sulayman, Sheikh Alwan, Sheikh Ageel, Sheikh Agil, Sheikh Isa, Sheikh al-Hadid, Small Fikha, Sorhane, Suran, Taanah, Tadaf, Tadil, Tal Ajar, Tal Jijin, Tal Madeeg, Tal Salur, Tall 'Aisha, Tall Ed-Daman, Tall Qarah, Tall Refaat, Tanab, Tagad, Tatemrash, Terhin, Tokhar, Turandah, Turkman Bareh, Tuways, Um Elkaramel, Umm Adasah Khaliliyah, Umm Rotha Fawgani, Umm al Qarah, Upper Shyookh, Wahshiyeh, Waggah, Wardyah, Western Khaltan, Yalishli, Za'ra, Zayadiyeh, Zernait, Ziyara Afrin, Zur Maghar.

In Ar Raqqah, 301 incidents killing 227 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abu Nituleh, Abu Serra, Al Dibs, Al Hishah, Al Isawi, Al Jahbal, Al Kader, Al Mu'allaq, Al Tabqa, Al Tabqa - Airbase, Al-Asadiyah, Al-Jalaa, Al-Khaldiyah, Al-Rasafah, Ar-Raqqa, Ar-Raqqa - Al-Dar'eiyah, Arida Ojeil, Artawaziya, Baydar, Bir Arab, Bir Enbaj, Debsi Afnan, Debsi Faraj, Division 17, Ein Issa, Fatsa, Hammam al Turkman, Hamrat Nasir, Hazimeh, Hoshan, Hweijah, Iweh, Jadida, Jdaidat Kahit, Jurneyyeh, Karama, Khamisiyeh, Khayala, Kor Hassan, Kuramaza, Maadan, Mahmudli, Mansura, Mazra'at Tishrin, Mushayrifah, Qantari, Qazali, Ratlah, Sabka, Safyan, Saida, Sfayieh Oil Fields, Sharkrak, Sheikh Hasan, Sukaryu, Suluk, Tal Samn, Tell Abiad, Yabseh, Yarmuk, Zamlah.

In As Suwayda', 19 incidents killing 30 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al-Thaala, As-Sweida, Atil, Hazm, Kherbet Al Diyatheh, Qarayya, Salakhed, Samma al Hneidat, Shahba, Sleim, Um Elzaytun, Walgha.

In Damascus, 11 incidents killing 13 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Damascus, Damascus - Qaboun, Mazzeh Military Air Base, Patrol Palestine Branch.

In Dar'a, 211 incidents killing 181 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: 52nd Armored Brigade, Abtaa, Adwan, Ajami, Al-Dali, Al-Na'ema, Al-Qanniyeh, Alma, Alyeh, Ankhel, Aqraba, As-Sanamayn, Atman, Barqa, Bekar, Bisr Elharir, Busra Esh-Sham, Da'el, Dar'a, Dar'a - Al-Abbasiah, Dar'a - Al-Sabeel, Dar'a - Al-Sad, Dar'a - Oumawiyeen, Eastern Ghariyeh, Eastern Maliha, Ein Thakar, Gharz, Hrak, Izra', Jabaliyeh, Jasim, Jbab, Jizeh, Jomleh, Kahil, Kharab Shahem, Kherbet Ghazala, Lajat, Maaraba, Mahjeh, Mataeiyeh, Mseifra, Mzeireb, Mzerea, Nafeaa, Namar, Nasib, Nawa, Sahm El Golan, Sahwa, Sayda, Sheikh Miskine, Tafas, Tal Shihab, Tall Al Samn, Tassil, Tiba, Um Walad, Western Ghariyeh, Western Maliha, Yadudeh.

In Dayr Az Zawr, 276 incidents killing 135 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abu Hamam, Abu Hardoub, Abu Khashab, Al Asbah Farm, Al Mayadin, Al Sabkhah, Al Salhiyyah, Al Shanan, Al Shu'aytat, Al Sikhah, Al-Bukamal, Al-Hawayij, Al-Heri, Al-Hessan, Al-Junaynah, Al-Kubar, Al-Mazraa - Oil Field, Al-Omar Oil Field, Al-Sayyal, Al-Zabari, Ali, Ash Shula, Ashara, Ashayer, Ayyash, Baghuz, Basira, Bishri Mountain - Deir-ez-Zor, Bogeleyyah, Breiha, Daman, Darnaj, Deir-ez-Zor, Deir-ez-Zor - Al-Hawiga, Deir-ez-Zor - Al-Joura-Al-Thawra, Deir-ez-Zor -Al-Qosor, Deir-ez-Zor - Hatla, Deir-ez-Zor - Industrial Zone, Deir-ez-Zor -Tashreen - Harabesh, Eastern Jurdi, Ghabra, Gharanij, Hajin, Harizah, Hawayij Thiban, Hejneh, Hreiji, Hwaijet Saker, Jasmi, Jazaret Elbuhmeid, Jazaret Milaj, Jdid Ekeidat, Jneineh, Kasra, Kassar, Kharita, Khasham, Kishkiyeh, Koniko Gas Field, Lower Bagras, Mahkan, Masrab, Mhemideh, Moezleh, Mreiyeh, Muzan, Mweileh, Omar - Oil Fields, Quriyeh, Saalu, Salhiyeh, Shagra, Shiheil, Siyal, Sosa, Sur, Sweidan Jazira, T2 Pumping Station, Tabiyet Jazira, Tabni, Takihi, Tayib Al-Fal, Tayyana, Thiban, Tuwamiyeh, Wadi al Jurah, Zghir Jazireh, Zir.

In Hamah, 165 incidents killing 37 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al Ghab Plain, Al Suwayda, Al-Hamidiah, Al-Qahera, Al-Sirmaniyah, Al-Zakah, Ankawi, Ar Rasif, As-Saan, As-Salamiyeh, As-Suqaylabiyah, Bahsa, Barakeh, Bayoud, Doqmaq, Dweir Elakrad, Fawru, Hakora, Halfaya, Hama, Huweiz, Ithariyah, Jeb Ramleh, Jurin, Khattab, Kherbet Elnaqus, Lahaya, Lower Amiqa, Maan, Masyaf, Na'our Jurin, Nobol Al Tahtani, Northern Mkeimin, Qarqur, Qastun, Qulaydin, Rahjan, Salba, Shakkushiyah, Shat-ha, Snideh, Tal Wassit, Tanjarah, Wadi Al Uyun, Zakoom, Ziyara.

In Hims, 49 incidents killing 98 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al Dab'a, Al-Dawah, Al-Hail - Oil Field, Al-Kadeer, Al-Koum, Ar-Rastan, Arak, Arjoun, Dardariyeh, Ghanto, Hasyaa, Homs, Jabal Omour, Mahin, Safa Eltayyas, Shtaya, Sokhneh, Tadmor, Tadmor - Airbase,

Talbiseh, Tall Kalakh, Third Station, Upper Makhrim, Western Tiba.

In Idlib, 700 incidents killing 112 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Afes, Al Burayi, Al Fatatra, Al Hallubah, Al Sahn, Al-Bardakli, Al-Dana, Arbikh, Ariha, Atmah, Atmah Camp, Bab El Hawa, Babilla, Badriyeh, Balshun, Balyun, Banin, Bara, Bazabur, Bennsh, Bsangul, Bsagla, Dadikh, Dana, Dar Al-Kabira, Darkosh, Deir Hassan, Deir Sunbul, Ein Laruz, Eshtabrag, Fleifel, Ftireh, Ghafar, Ghaniyah, Ghassaniyeh, Hafasraja, Hantutin, Harim, Hazano, Hazarin, Hersh Banin, Humaymat, Idleb, Idleb Central Prison, Ineb, Jabal Arba'in, Jabal al-Zawiya, Jadaydah, Jadraya, Jarada, Jbala, Jisr-Ash-Shugur, Jobas, Kadoura, Kafir, Kafr Arug, Kafr Battikh, Kafr Din, Kafr Lusin, Kafr Musa, Kafr Nobol, Kafr Oweid, Kafraya, Kafruma, Kaftin, Kansafra, Karsaa, Kawkabah, Ketyan, Khan al-Sabeel, Kherbet Eljoz, Kuku, Ma'arrat An Nu'man, Ma'arrat Mukhus, Ma'arrat Tamasrin, Maar Dibsi, Maarbalit, Maaret Al Naasan, Maaret Alia, Maarzaf, Majdaliya, Mantaf, Mardikh, Maryamyn, Mastumeh, Milaja, Mozra, Mseibin, Nayrab, Qah, Ruwaiha, Rweideh, Salgin, San, Saragab, Sarja, Sarmada, Sarmin, Sfuhen, Shallakh, Sheikh Yousef, Shinan, Sijer - Bgesemtoh, Tah, Talhiyeh, Teftnaz, Termala, Upper Sheikh Sindyan, Yakoubia.

In Lattakia, 87 incidents killing 14 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al Fakhura, Al-Qardaha, Arafit, Atirah, Ein Al Hammam, Hmeimim Air Base, Jabal al-Akrad, Jabal al-Turkman, Jablah, Jeb al Ahmar, Kabani, Kansaba, Kasab, Nahshabba, Nawwara-Klz, Qal'at Shalaf, Rabee'a, Ruwaysa, Salanfa, Salma, Tall Rasho, Tallat Abu Ali, Yamdiyeh.

In Quneitra, 9 incidents killing 3 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Eastern Basa - Ein Qadi, Ghadir al Bostan, Hadar, Hameidiyyeh, Jaba, Khan Arnaba, Ma'laqa, Momtaneh, Um Batna.

In Rif Dimashq, 62 incidents killing 56 people were reported. The following

locations were among the affected: Al Qutayfah, Al Tawani, Arkis, Assal al Ward, Az-Zabdani, Damascus - International Airport, Deir Khabiyeh, Deir Maker, Duma, Felita, Harasta, Hosh Al-Zariqiyah, Hujayra, Jdidet Artuz, Jroud Al-Qalamoon, Kafr Hoor, Kherbet Al Ward, Kisweh, Maaloula, Mazraet Beit Jin, Misraba, Nashabiyeh, Nofur, Qalamoun, Rankus, Rukban, Sayyeda Zeinab, Sidnaya, Sidnaya Military Prison, Tanf, Upper Hfeir, Zakiyeh.

In Tartus, 4 incidents killing 4 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abu Afsa, Al Hamidiyah Agricultural Airbase, Mashta Al Helou, Tartous.

#### **Sources**

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Mapping Territorial Control, Contestation, and Activity in Syria; Version 2, March 2019a https://www.acleddata.com/download/35243/
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Security Forces: Kurdish Forces across Iraq, Syria and Iran, April 2019b https://www.acleddata.com/download/35245/
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Middle East (10 March 2023), 10 March 2023 https://www.acleddata.com/download/2915/
- GADM Global Administrative Areas: gadm36\_levels.shp, Version 3.6, 6 May 2018a
   http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm3.6/gadm36\_levels.shp.zip
- GADM Global Administrative Areas: gadm36\_SYR\_shp.zip, Version 3.6, 6 May 2018b https://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm3.6/shp/gadm36\_SYR\_shp.zip
- Raleigh, Clionadh; Linke, Andrew; Hegre, Håvard, and Karlsen, Joakim: "Introducing ACLED-Armed Conflict Location and Event Data", in: Journal of Peace Research (47(5) 2010), pp. 651–660
  http://jpr.sagepub.com/content/47/5/651.full.pdf+html
- Smith, Walter H. F. and Wessel, Paul: Global Self-consistent Hierarchical High-resolution Geography (GSHHG), Version 2.3.4, 1 May 2015 https://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/mgg/shorelines/data/gshhg/latest/

#### Disclaimer

Event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. Updates in ACLED's datasets will not necessarily be reflected in ACCORD's reports if the update occurs close to or after the latter's publication. Changes in the sources used by ACLED to collect incident data might affect the comparability of data over time. For more information on ACLED's methodology, please see <a href="https://www.acleddata.com/resources/">www.acleddata.com/resources/</a>. For more information on ACCORD's products based on the data, please see the ecoi.net blog posts tagged with "ACLED". The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

#### Cite as

 ACCORD – Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation: Syria, third quarter 2022: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED), 12 April 2023